

Setup

git config --global user.name "[username]"
Set the Username Git will use to authenticate

git config --global user.email "[email]"
Set the Email Git will use to authenticate

git config --global color.ui auto
Set automatic command line coloring for Git

git init

Initialize the current directory as a git repository

git clone [url]

Download a local copy of a repository to the machine

Staging and Snapshots

git status

Show modified files that are staged for commit

git add [file/directory]

Stage a file for the next commit

git reset [file]

unstage a file for commit while keeping the changes

git diff

Changes in files that are not staged for commit

git diff --staged

Changes in files that are staged for commit but not yet committed

git commit -m "[commit message]"

Commit your staged content as a new commit snapshot

git commit --amend

Add staged content to a commit snapshot that already exists

Initializing a Repository

git init

Initialize the current directory as a git repository

git clone [url]

Download a local copy of a repository to the machine

Git & GitHub Commands

https://usm.maine.edu/department-computer-science/

File Path Changes

git rm [file]

Delete the file from the project and stage the removal for commit

git mv [existing-path] [new-path]

Change an existing file path and stage the move

git log -stat -M

Show all commit logs with an indication of any paths that changed

Branches and Merging

git branch

List all branches. The active branch is marked with a '*'

git branch [branch-name]

Create a new branch at the current commit

git branch -d [branch-name]

Delete the specified branch at the current commit

git remote add upstream URL.git

Add 'upstream' repository to sync changes made in a forked repo

git checkout [branch-name]

Switch branches and check it out into the working directory

git merge [branch]

Merge the selected branch's history into the current branch

Inspect and Compare

git log

Show all commits in the current branch's history

git log [branchB]..[branchA]

Show the commits on branchA that are not on branchB

git log --follow [file]

Show the commits that changed 'file', even accross renames

git diff [branchB]..[branchA]

Show the difference of what is in branchA but not in branchB

git show [SHA]

Show any object in Git in human-readable format

Department of Computer Science Programs

Bachelor of Science Master of Science

Share and Update

git remote add [alias] [URL]

Add a Git URL as an alias

git fetch [alias]

Fetch down all the branches from that Git remote

git merge [alias]/[branch]

Merge remote branch into your current branch

git push [alias] [branch]

Transmit local branch commits to the remote repository branch

git pull

Fetch and merge any commits from the tracking remote branch

Version Control

git rebase [branch]

Apply any commits of current branch ahead of the specified one

git reset --hard [commit]

Clear staging area, rewrite working tree from the specified commit

git checkout -- [file]

Discard the changes to 'file' in the working directory

git checkout [commit id]

Revert to a previous commit

git revert [commit id]

Undo the specified commit

Tokens

git remote set-url origin

https://<NEW_TOKEN>@github.com/username/repo.git

Set the remote repository using a Personal Access Token

Tokens can also be used to authenticate in the command line, for example:

\$ git clone https://github.com/USERNAME/REPO.git

Username: YOUR-USERNAME

Password: YOUR-PERSONAL-ACCESS-TOKEN